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- (b) Reasonable requirements. Reasonable requirements may include but are not limited to:
- (1) Requiring payment of a non-refundable nominal fee to cover the reasonable operating costs to the development relating to the presence of pets, a refundable pet deposit to cover additional costs attributable to the pet and not otherwise covered, or both;
- (2) Limitations on the number of animals in a unit, based on unit size;
- (3) Prohibitions on types of animals that the PHA classifies as dangerous, provided that such classifications are consistent with applicable State and local law, and prohibitions on individual animals, based on certain factors, including the size and weight of animals:
- (4) Restrictions or prohibitions based on size and type of building or project, or other relevant conditions;
- (5) Registration of the pet with the PHA; and
- (6) Requiring pet owners to have their pets spayed or neutered.
- (c) Restriction. A PHA may not require pet owners to have any pet's vocal chords removed.
- (d) Pet deposit. A PHA that requires a resident to pay a pet deposit must place the deposit in an account of the type required under applicable State or local law for pet deposits or, if State or local law has no requirements regarding pet deposits, for rental security deposits, if applicable. The PHA shall comply with such applicable law as to retention of the deposit, interest, and return of the deposit or portion thereof to the resident, and any other applicable requirements.
- (e) PHA Plan. Unless otherwise provided by §903.11 of this chapter, Annual Plans are required to contain information regarding the PHA's pet policies, as described in §903.7(n) of this chapter, beginning with PHA fiscal years that commence on or after January 1, 2001.

## PART 963—PUBLIC HOUSING— CONTRACTING WITH RESIDENT-OWNED BUSINESSES

### Subpart A—General

Sec. 963.1 Purpose. 963.3 Applicability.

## Subpart B—Contracting with Resident-Owned Businesses

963.10 Eligible resident-owned businesses. 963.12 Alternative procurement process.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1437 and 3535(d).

Source: 57 FR 20189, May 11, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

## Subpart A—General

#### §963.1 Purpose.

963.5 Definitions.

The purpose of this part is to enhance the economic opportunities of public housing residents by providing public housing agencies with a method of soliciting and contracting with eligible and qualifed resident-owned businesses (as defined in this part) for public housing services, supplies, or construction. The contract award method provided by this part is based on the established procurement procedures set forth in 24 CFR 85.36, with solicitation as provided by these procedures limited to resident-owned businesses. The contract award method provided by this part is not a requirement. It is an alternative procurement method available to public housing agencies, subject to the conditions set forth in this part. and subject to permissibility under State and local laws.

#### § 963.3 Applicability.

The policies and procedures contained in this part apply to public housing developments that are owned by public housing agencies (PHAs) and that are covered by Annual Contributions Contracts (ACC) with the Department. Public housing contracts eligible to be awarded under the alternative procurement process provided by this part are limited to individual contracts that do not exceed \$1,000,000. Residentowned businesses eligible to participate in the alternative procurement process are limited to those that meet the eligibility requirements of §963.10. The policies and procedures contained in this part are consistent with the objectives of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u), and similar Federal requirements imposed on public housing

programs. (See 24 CFR 941.208(a) and 24 CFR 968.110(a)).

[57 FR 20189, May 11, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 33895, June 30, 1994]

#### § 963.5 Definitions.

The terms HUD and Public housing agency (PHA) are defined in 24 CFR part 5.

Act. The U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437).

Alternative procurement process. The alternative method of public housing contract award available to public housing agencies and eligible resident-owned businesses under the conditions set forth in this part.

Annual Contributions Contract (ACC). See definition in 24 CFR 968.105.

Certification. A written assertion based on supporting evidence, which shall be kept available for inspection by the Secretary, the Inspector General, and the public, which assertion shall be deemed to be accurate for purposes of this part, unless the Secretary determines otherwise after inspecting the evidence and providing due notice and opportunity for comment.

Contract or public housing contract. Any contract awarded by a PHA for services, supplies, or construction necessary for the development, operation, modernization, or maintenance of public housing.

Management officials. The individuals who possess the power to make the day-to-day, as well as major, decisions on matters of management, policy, and operations of the resident-owned business.

Principal. An owner, partner, director, or management official of the resident-owned business with the power and authority to represent the business and to execute contract, leases, agreements, and other documents on behalf of the business.

Public housing or public housing development. Any public housing development which is owned by a Public Housing Agency (PHA) and is receiving funds under an Annual Contribution Contract (ACC).

Public housing resident. Any individual who resides in public housing as a signatory on a public housing lease, or as a member of the family of the in-

dividual(s) who is the signatory on the public housing lease.

Resident-owned business. Any business concern which is owned and controlled by public housing residents. (The term "resident-owned business" includes sole proprietorships.) For purposes of this part, "owned and controlled" means a business:

- (1) Which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more public housing residents; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more such individuals.

All securities which constitute ownership or control of a corporation for purposes of establishing the business as a resident-owned business shall be held directly by the public housing residents. No securities held in trust, or by any guardian for a minor, shall be considered as held by the public housing resident in determining the ownership or control of a corporation.

[57 FR 20189, May 11, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 5215, Feb. 9, 1996]

# Subpart B—Contracting With Resident-Owned Businesses

## § 963.10 Eligible resident-owned businesses.

To be eligible for the alternative procurement process provided by this part, a business must meet the following requirements, and must submit evidence to the PHA, in the form described below, or as the PHA may require, that shows how each requirement has been met.

- (a) Legally formed business. The business shall submit certified copies of any State, county, or municipal licenses that may be required of the business to engage in the type of business activity for which it was formed. Where applicable (as for example, in the case of corporations), the business also shall submit a certified copy of its corporate charter or other organizational document that verifies that the business was properly formed in accordance with State law.
- (b) Resident-owned business. The business shall submit a certification that it is a resident-owned business as defined